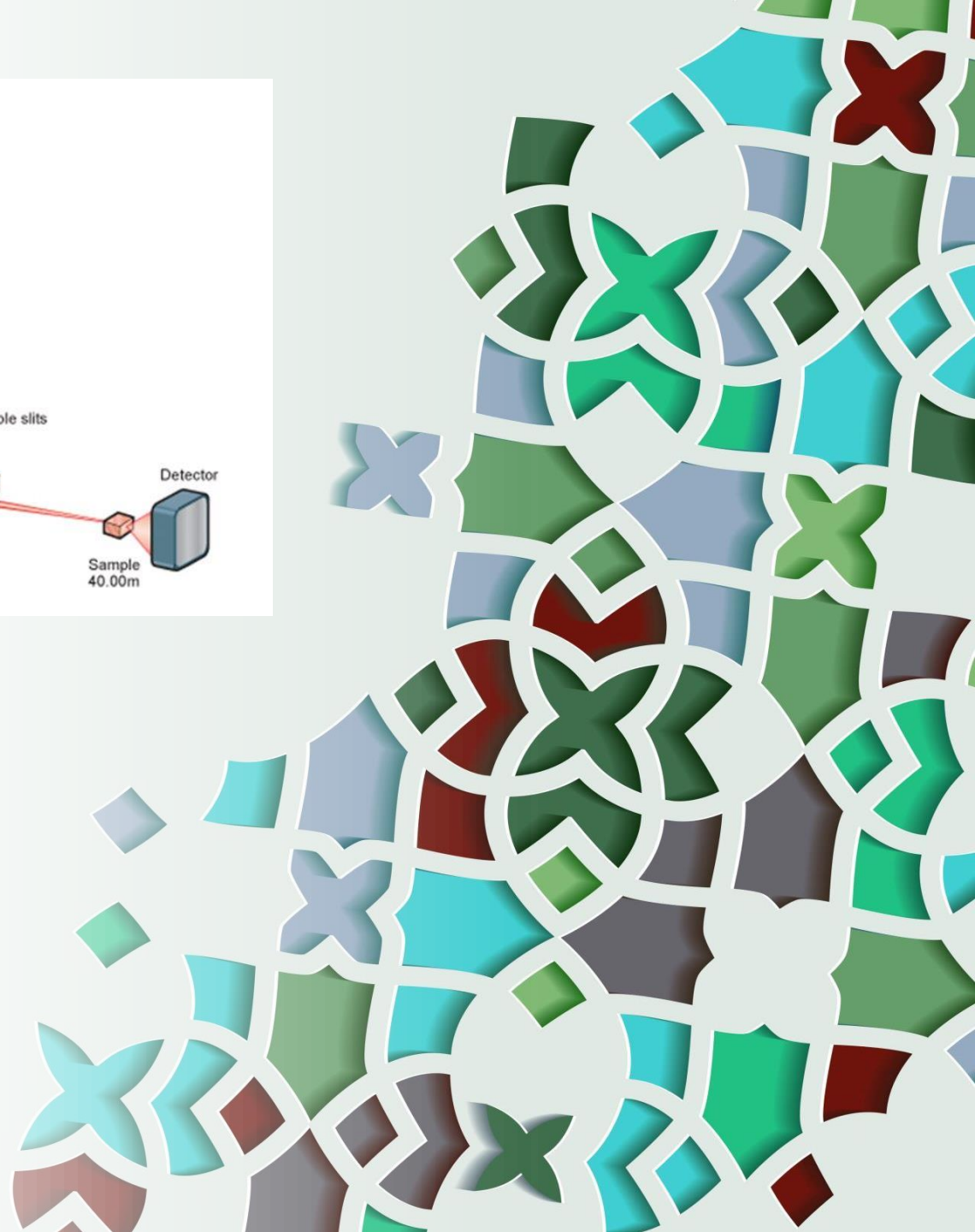


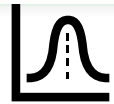
I04 beamline

A versatile & high-throughput instrument that delivers high quality diffraction data

Ralf Flaig
David Aragão
Pierpaolo Romano
Marco Mazzorana



Main reasons to use I04



- Variable focus & microfocus beam



- Variable energy



- High flux/flux density



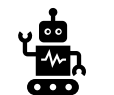
- Extremely stable beam & hardware



- Multi-axis goniometry



- Dose aware data collection

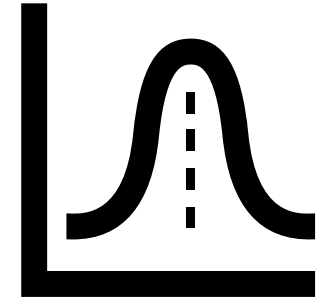


- Automation and high reliability



- Interactive locally and remote data collections as well as UDC

Variable focus & microfocus beam



CRL/lenses base mechanism to focus the beam

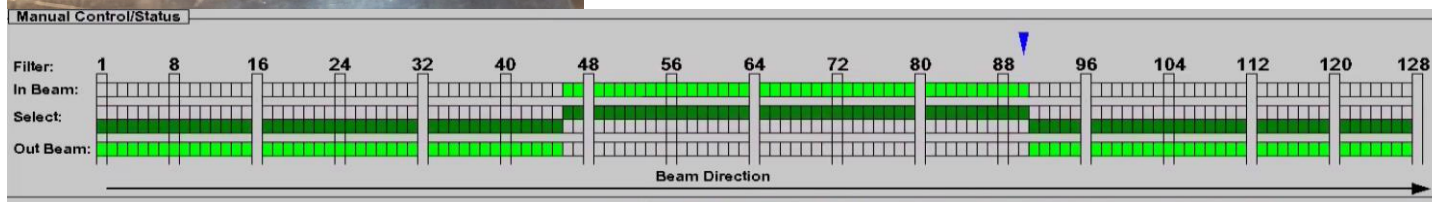
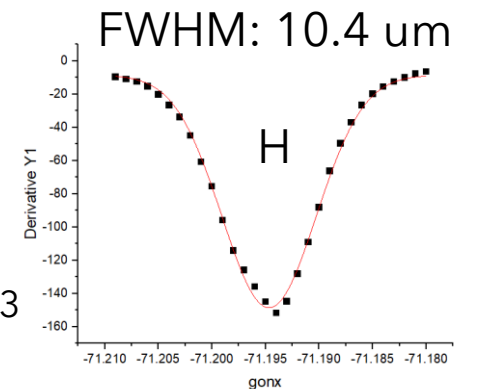
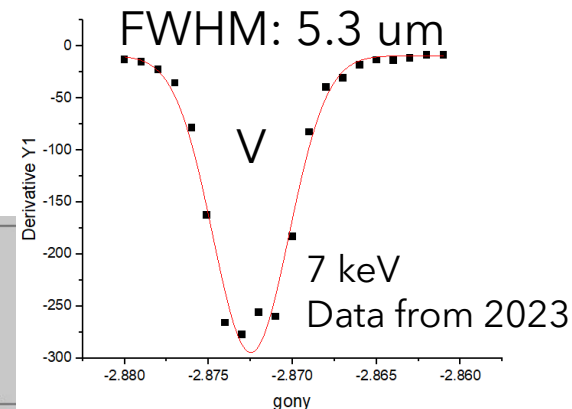
- Fast & easy change from a list of discrete beam sizes
 - Varies with energy but normally (5, 10, 15, 20, 30, 50, 75, 100 μm)

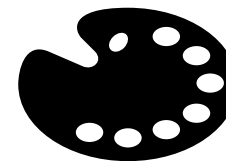
Operate from

- microfocus level (e.g. 5 μm vertical)
- large beam level (E.g. 100 μm vertical)

13 keV, #42 lenses, 19 μm

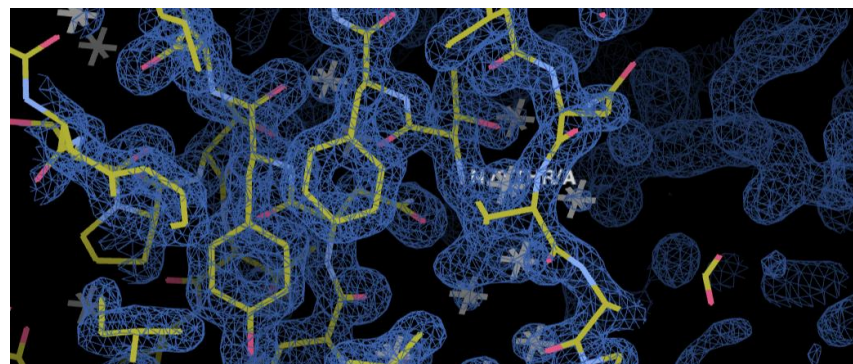
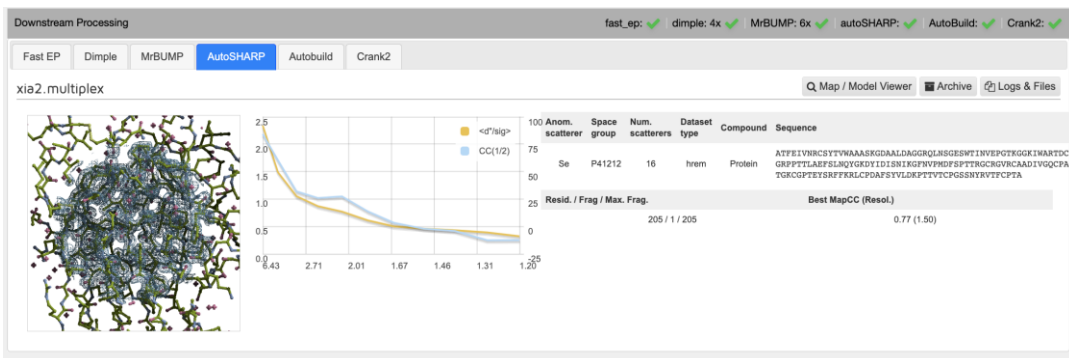
Beam Size from Number of Lenses	
Lenses in Beam	42
Vertical	10
Horizontal	30





Variable energy (6000-18000 eV / 0.69 -1.55 Å)

- Phasing, edge scans, Fluorescence spectra



Good insulin crystals solve by S-SAD at 13 keV

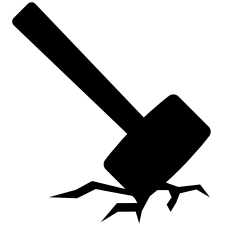
Reaches most common edges: Cu, Fe, Mn, Se, Ni, Br, Os, etc

- Can get diffraction up to 0.94 Å resolution (edge of detector) by going to maximum energy

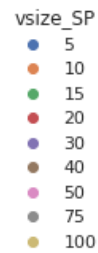
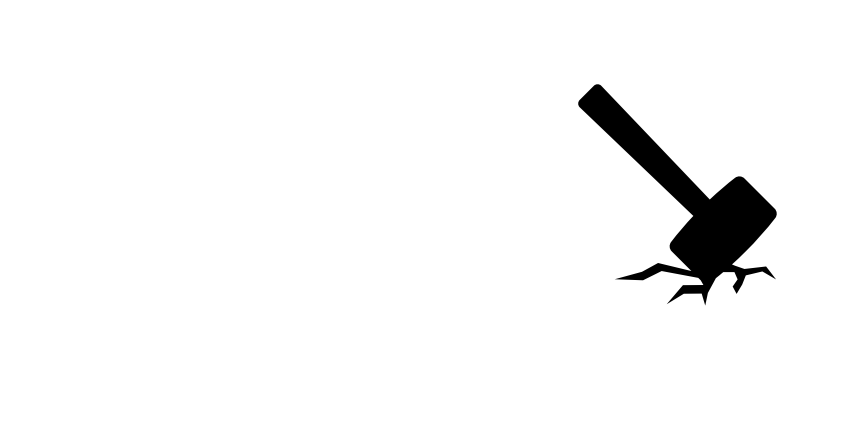
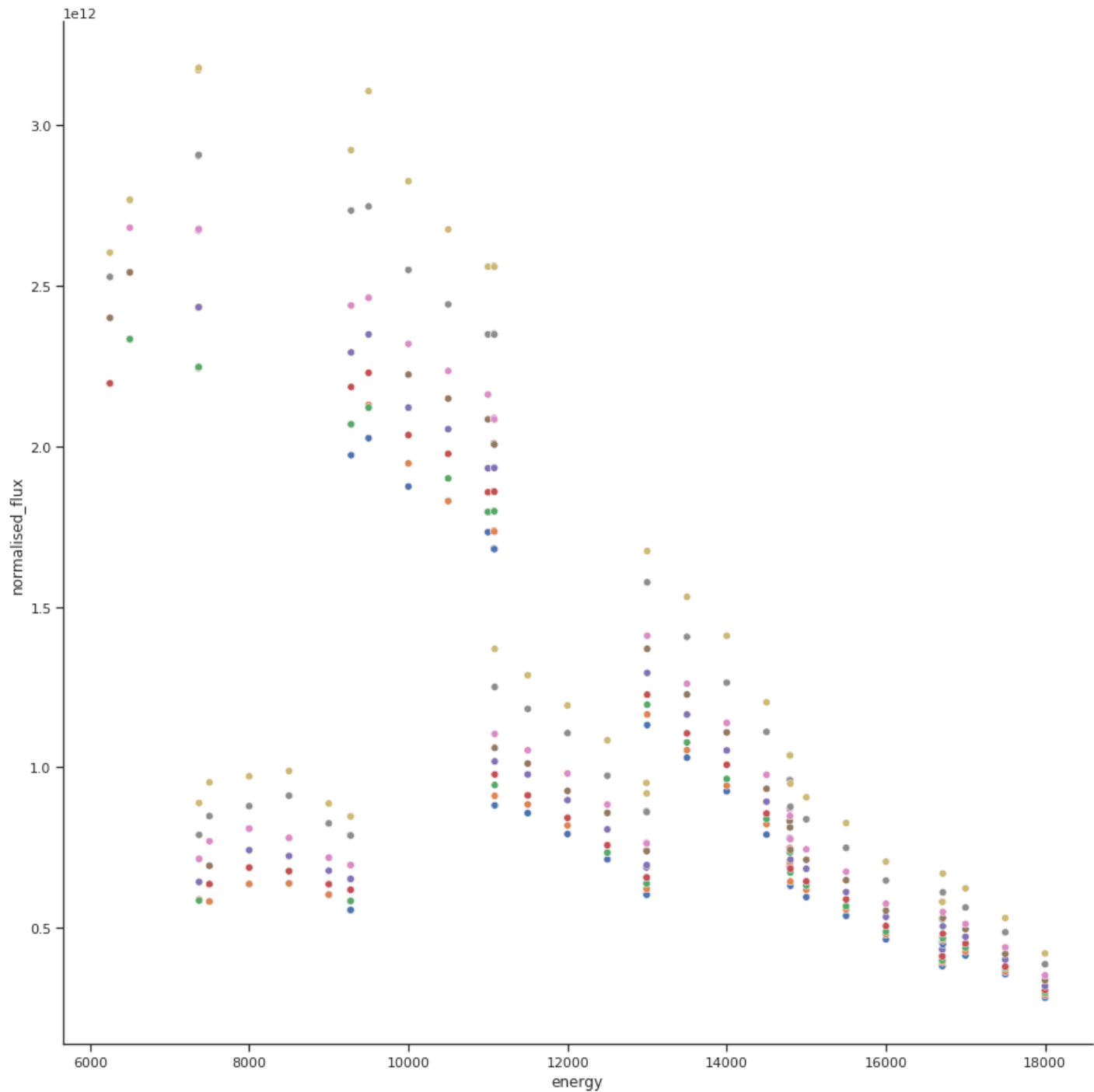
Beam and Detector	
Maximum resolution	0.9377 Å
Detector distance	170.0 mm
Wavelength	0.68880 Å
Energy	18000.0 eV

Edge	Edge	Edge
Atom <input type="text" value="Fe"/> Iron	Atom <input type="text" value="Mn"/> Manganese	Atom <input type="text" value="Se"/> Selenium
Edge <input type="text" value="K"/>	Edge <input type="text" value="K"/>	Edge <input type="text" value="K"/>
Pre-edge region		Pre-edge region
Start energy <input type="text" value="7012.00"/> eV	Start energy <input type="text" value="6439.00"/> eV	Start energy <input type="text" value="12558.00"/> eV

High flux/flux density



- Flux profile with energy & beam sizes
- Eiger has a flux density limit
 - For well diffracting samples the Eiger count rate limit is reached



XBPM Feedback Summary
BL04I XBPM Feedback

Feedback Status

- Beam steering:
 - XBPM1 Steer X: Manual Auto
 - XBPM1 Steer Y: Manual Auto
- DCM:
 - XBPM1 PITCH: Manual Auto
 - XBPM1 ROLL: Manual Auto
 - XBPM2 PITCH: Manual Auto
 - XBPM2 ROLL: Manual Auto
- F-Switch:
 - XBPM2 DSX: Manual Auto
 - XBPM2 DSX: Manual Auto

Feedback Control

Ok to Run: Run

- Run on XBPM1
- Run on XBPM2
- Run on XBPM1 AND XBPM2

Info EXIT

XBPM 1 Beam Position

Fine **Coarse**

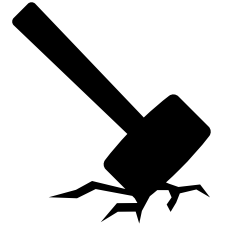
Position within threshold: X: -0.18 Y: -0.10
 Threshold [%] XBPM1: 3 X Setpoint (um): 0.00 Y Setpoint (um): 0.00
 X Feedback Loop: DCM Roll
 Y Feedback Loop: DCM Pitch

XBPM 2 Beam Position

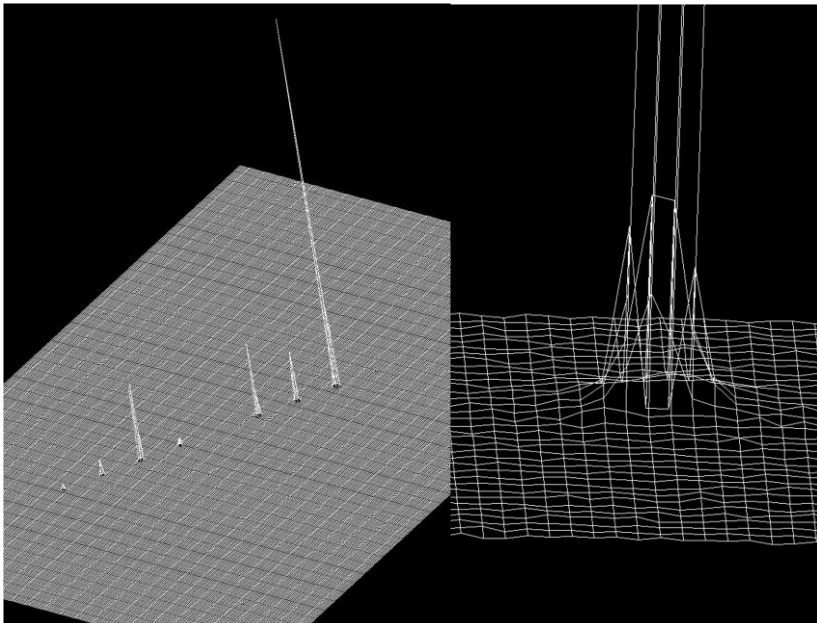
Fine **Coarse**

Position within threshold: X: 0.21 Y: 0.03
 Threshold [%] XBPM2: 5 X Setpoint (um): 0.00 Y Setpoint (um): 0.00
 X Feedback Loop: FSwitch DSX
 Y Feedback Loop: FSwitch DSX

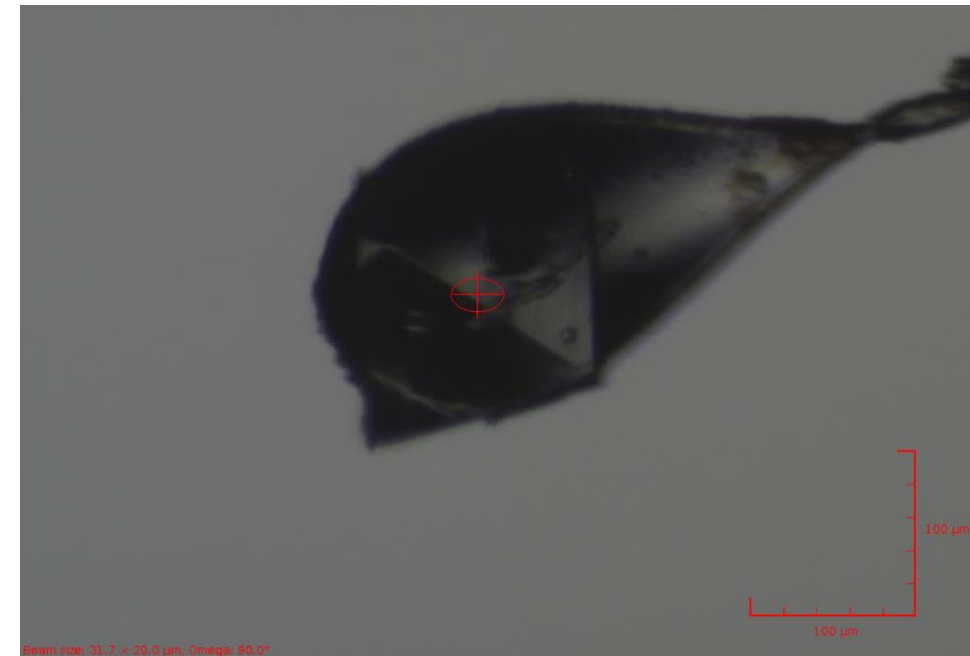
High flux/flux density



- Eiger has a flux density limit (see <https://www.dectris.com/features/features-eiger-r/outstanding-count-rate-performance/>)
 - For well diffracting samples (e.g thicker) the Eiger count rate limit is exceeded



22	20	16	26	32	25	36	39	34	18	25	15
16	18	23	26	35	48	52	40	41	45	14	19
17	17	13	27	31	55	83	86	66	56	29	21
13	8	13	23	38	176	549	362	164	46	25	21
17	17	16	22	52	627	-1	57155	386	32	24	21
19	12	34	28	65	611	-1	61246	248	38	30	26
15	16	19	27	64	214	429	260	70	39	21	19
16	23	25	33	43	73	97	95	50	39	28	24
9	22	25	23	35	50	38	37	42	26	25	15
20	19	13	13	29	31	31	34	25	37	27	20
17	11	13	21	25	18	25	21	29	11	27	16
20	9	17	14	18	20	22	36	20	28	27	14
14	18	15	23	16	20	17	18	18	11	19	17
9	13	23	12	18	14	17	27	13	14	22	16
18	15	20	17	18	17	21	19	18	12	15	16



Extremely stable beam & hardware



360° / 7.2 s / 500 Hz

Ω Osc: 0.10°

No. Images: 3600

Wavelength: 0.9537Å

Dose: 1.50MGy

Beamsize: 32x20µm

Feb 2023 • Data quality in general very high at fastest speed

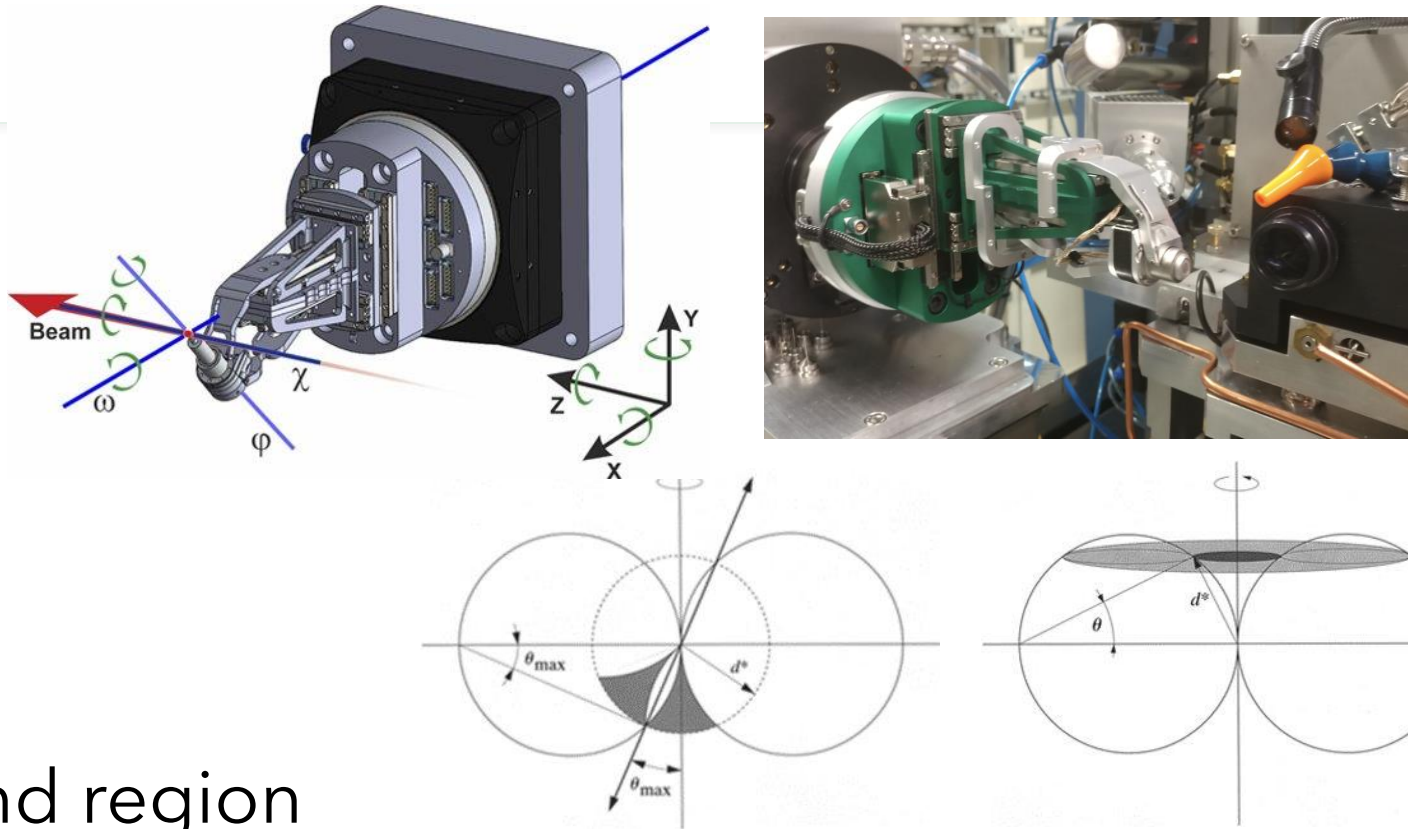
Shell	Observations	Unique	Resolution	Rmeas	I/sig(I)	CC Half	Completeness	Multiplicity	
outerShell	44923	1841	1.35 - 1.39	0.755	4.2	0.9	97.0	24.4	ISa 41.92
innerShell	8126	364	6.05 - 28.03	0.023	134.0	1.0	99.1	22.3	
overall	682225	26292	1.35 - 28.03	0.051	37.6	1.0	99.8	25.9	

• Data quality even higher when lower speed and slightly larger beam size

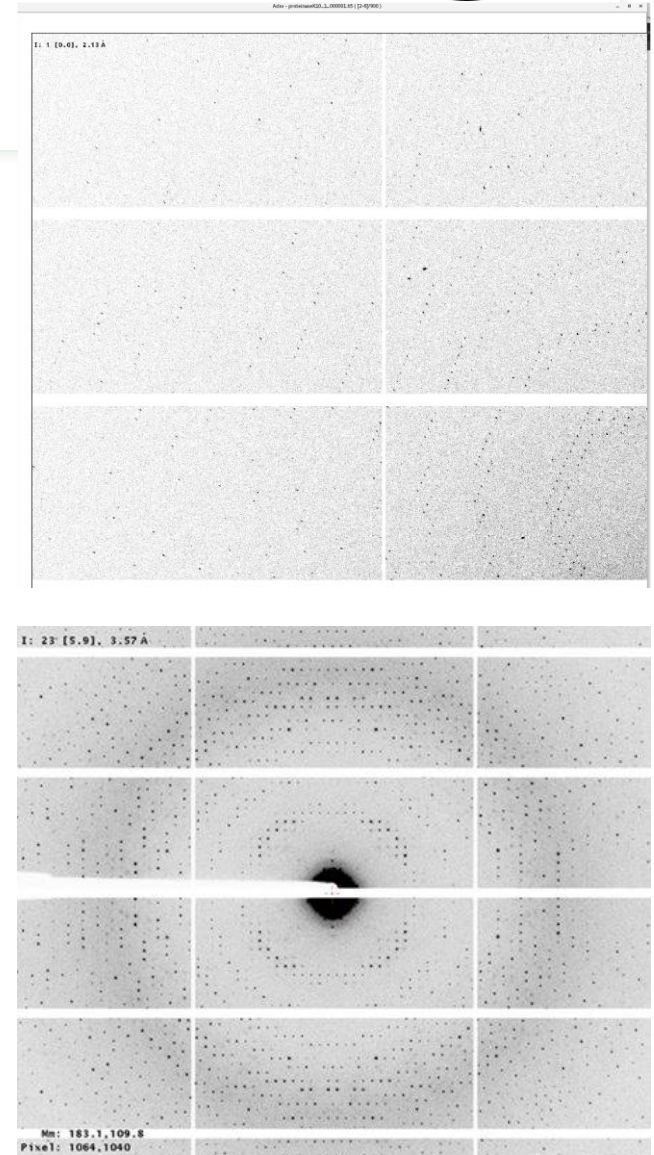
Dose (Mgy)	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.33	0.72	0.46	0.37
Beam size (µm HxV)	32x20	43x30	54x40	63x50	32x20	43x30	54x40	63x50
Speed (Hz)	500	500	500	370	500	500	500	500
ISa	33.8	38.8	43.6	44.4	41.6	45.0	46.7	45.9



Multi-axis goniometry



- Blind region
- Use of corners for completeness (e.g. higher res)
- High symmetry cell axis aligned



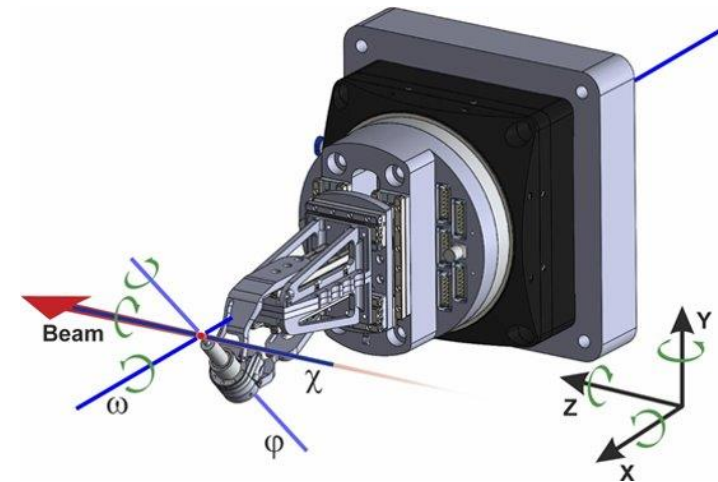


Multi-axis goniometry

- Lower systematic errors & redundancy
 - Spread of the dose is something that makes sense with modern detectors. Using multi-axis makes sense too because only adds and does not remove
- Complicated experiments (e.g. custom phasing recipe)

Omega start (°)	Omega Oscillation (°)	Omega oscillation per frame (°)	Chi (°)	Phi (°)
0	2x180 (360)	0.1	0	0
0	2x180 (360)	0.1	30	0

Omega Start (°)	Omega Oscillation (°)	Omega Delta (°)	Chi (°)	Phi (°)
0.00	0.100	0.00	44.467	148.321
0.00	0.100	0.00	0.000	0.000
0.00	0.100	0.00	45.000	0.000
0.00	0.100	0.00	45.000	120.000
0.00	0.100	0.00	45.000	240.000

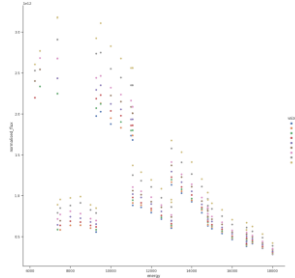


Dose aware data collection



- Dose as an extra information
- Dose has a tool to drive the experiment
- Dose is critical to setup an experiment with different beam size, energy or when flux is different from usual

Dose aware data collection



Start

Oscillation

Total oscillation

Delta

Chi

Phi

Dose and Exposure

Number of Images

Set Target Dose
 Set Target Exposure

Exposure Time s

Total Exposure Time s

Dose / Dataset MGy

First Image Number

Beam and Detector

Maximum resolution Å

Detector distance mm

Wavelength Å

Energy eV

Use current energy

Transmission %

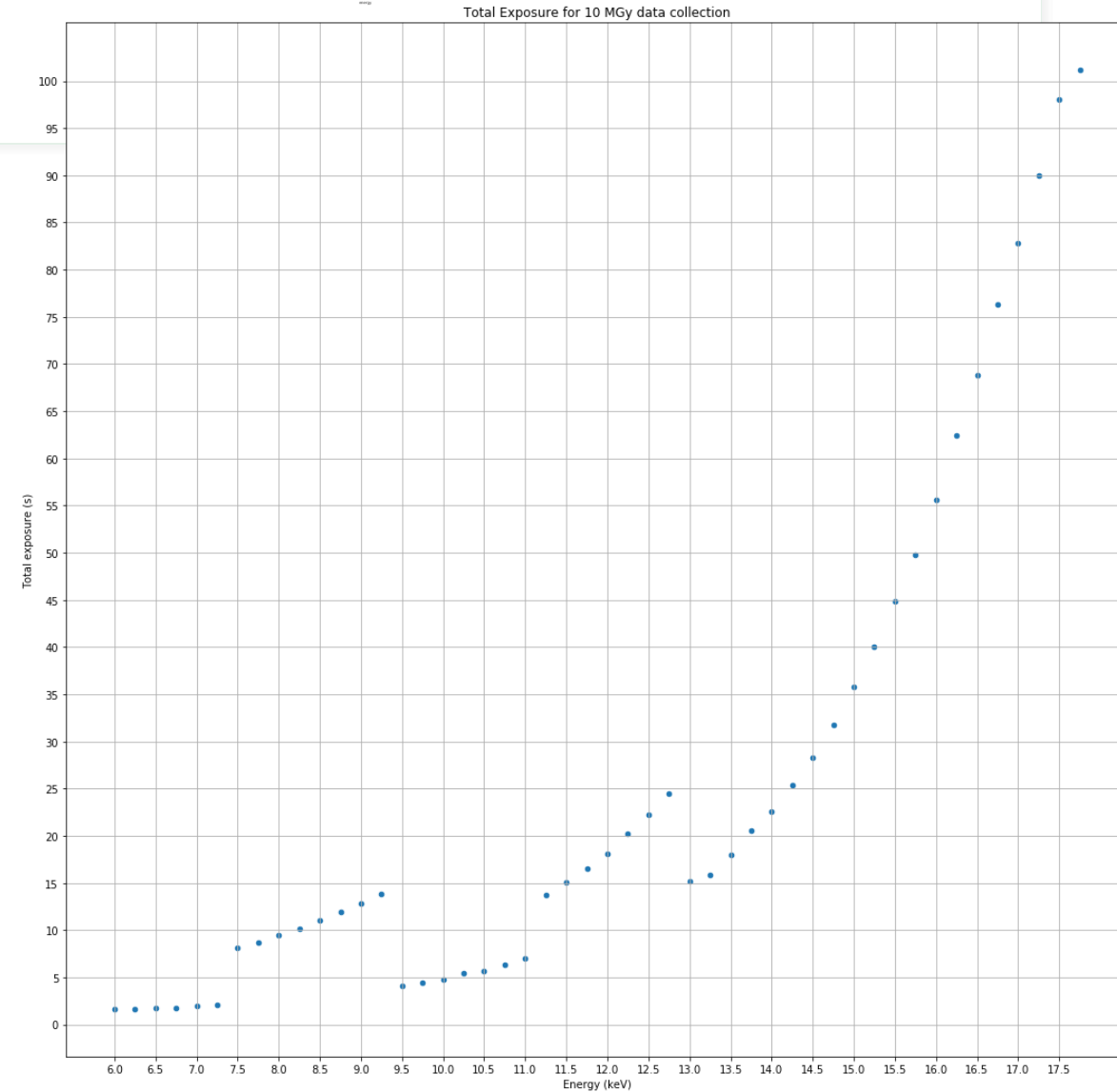
Aperture and Beamstop

Beamstop

Horizontal beam size μm

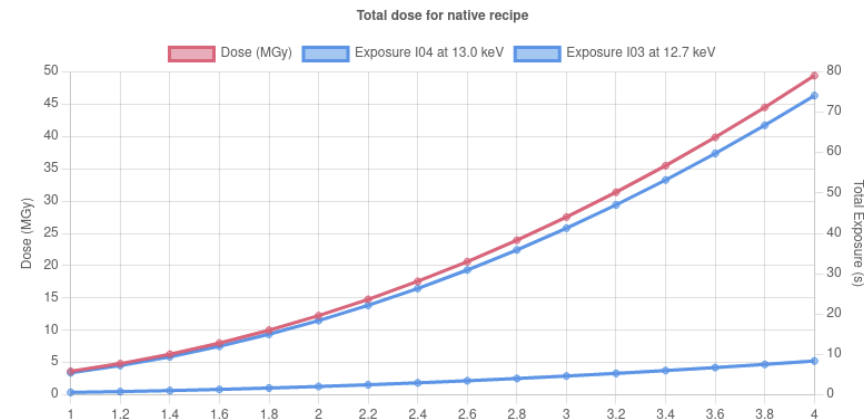
Vertical beam size μm

Use current beam size



Dose

- Changing beam size



Data Collection Settings

Position: 2

Files

Visit directory: /dls/i04/data/2021/cm28182-1

Folder: [Configure Defaults](#)
 \${date}/\${proteinacronym}/\${samplename}/
 20210308/TestThermolysin/Themolysin2

Prefix: [Configure Defaults](#)
 \${samplename}/
 Themolysin2

Automatic run number

Run number: 0

Comment:

Flux and Dose (beta version)

Predicted Flux: 3.237e+11 ph s⁻¹

Average Absorption Coefficient: 0.185775

Calculated Dose / Dataset: 22.8239 MGy

Image

Number of images: 3600

Exposure time: 0.0100 s

Total exposure time: 36.0 s

First image number: 1

Beam and Detector

Maximum resolution: 1.3369 Å

Detector distance: 170.0 mm

Wavelength: 0.97949 Å

Energy: 12658.0 eV

Use current energy

Transmission: 100.000000 %

Aperture and Beamstop

Beamstop: Standard

Horizontal beam size: 18.8 μm

Vertical beam size: 10 μm

Use current beam size

Sample Position: 23/03/2023

Data Collection Settings

Position: 2

Files

Visit directory: /dls/i04/data/2021/cm28182-1

Folder: [Configure Defaults](#)
 \${date}/\${proteinacronym}/\${samplename}/
 20210308/TestThermolysin/Themolysin2

Prefix: [Configure Defaults](#)
 \${samplename}/
 Themolysin2

Automatic run number

Run number: 0

Comment:

Flux and Dose (beta version)

Predicted Flux: 3.237e+11 ph s⁻¹

Average Absorption Coefficient: 0.185775

Calculated Dose / Dataset: 6.7680 MGy

Image

Number of images: 3600

Exposure time: 0.0100 s

Total exposure time: 36.0 s

First image number: 1

Beam and Detector

Maximum resolution: 1.3369 Å

Detector distance: 170.0 mm

Wavelength: 0.97949 Å

Energy: 12658.0 eV

Use current energy

Transmission: 100.000000 %

Aperture and Beamstop

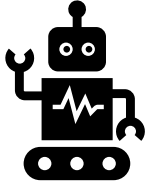
Beamstop: Standard

Horizontal beam size: 31.7 μm

Vertical beam size: 20 μm

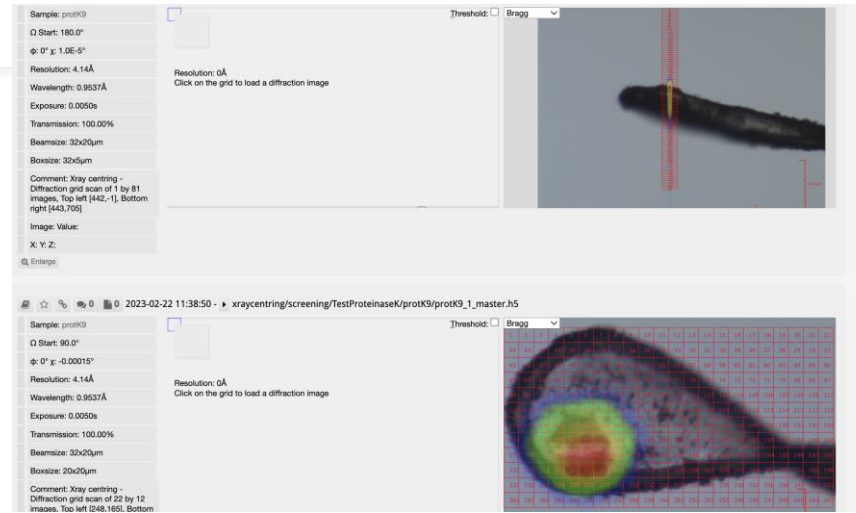
Use current beam size

Sample Position:



Automation and high reliability

- Xray centering
- Line scans
- Data collection queue
- UDC






Omega Start (°)	Omega Oscillatio (°)	Omega Delta (°)	Chi (°)	Phi (°)
0.00	0.100	0.00	44.467	148.321
0.00	0.100	0.00	0.000	0.000
0.00	0.100	0.00	45.000	0.000
0.00	0.100	0.00	45.000	120.000
0.00	0.100	0.00	45.000	240.000

Omega Start (°)	Omega Oscillation (°)	Omega Delta (°)	Chi (°)	Phi (°)	Centring Mode	Number of Images	Time per Image (s)	Target Dose (MGy)	Maximum Resolution (Å)	Distance (mm)	Wavelength (Å)	Energy (eV)	Transmission (%)	Beamstop position	Beam Size (µm)	Vert. Beam Size (µm)	Run Number	Fr N
0.00	0.100	0.00	0.000	0.000	Auto X-ray	3600	0.0020	2.00	1.2985	170.0	0.95372	13000.0	43.000000	Standard	31.73	20.00	0	1
0.00	0.100	0.00	44.467	148.321	None	3600	0.0020	2.00	1.2985	170.0	0.95372	13000.0	83.500000	Standard	43.12	30.00	0	1
0.00	0.100	0.00	45.000	0.000	None	3600	0.0020	2.00	1.2985	170.0	0.95372	13000.0	83.500000	Standard	43.12	30.00	0	1
0.00	0.100	0.00	45.000	120.000	None	3600	0.0020	2.00	1.2985	170.0	0.95372	13000.0	83.500000	Standard	43.12	30.00	0	1
0.00	0.100	0.00	45.000	240.000	None	3600	0.0020	2.00	1.2985	170.0	0.95372	13000.0	43.100000	Standard	31.73	20.00	0	1

At our fastest speed (7.2 seconds exposure per dataset) we do 2 pucks (32 pins) per hour (single 360° wedge). This equates to 750 samples loaded and a data set collected in a day.

Interactive locally and remote data collections as well as UDC



-  • We train local users (*)
-  • We help remote users if requested (e.g via zoom) (*)
-  • We operate all currently available UDC recipes

(*) Please remember to note that, at scheduling time, so that a suitable time and local contact is allocated