#### The New X-ray Pair Distribution Function Beamline at Diamond Light Source

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#### EPDIC15, Bari, Italy, 14/06/16 MS06: Progress in instrumentation



## **XPDF** | Acknowledgements

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#### XPDF | New X-ray PDF beamline at DLS

- "...to produce robust X-ray PDF data in a user friendly, automated way"
- Study of short- and medium-range order in crystalline, semi-crystalline and amorphous solids and liquids
- Applicable to a wide range of disciplines, e.g.

2

- Materials chemistry
- Solid-state physics
- Earth sciences
- Pharmaceuticals



- High  $Q_{max}$ 
  - Resolution of a PDF is dominated by  $Q_{max}$ 
    - $Q = 2\pi/d = 4\pi \sin\theta/\lambda$
    - $\Delta r \approx 2\pi/Q_{\text{max}}$
    - Sample limited resolution if  $Q_{\text{max}} > 3/(\langle u^2 \rangle)^{\frac{1}{2}+}$



- High  $Q_{max}$
- High flux
  - X-ray form factors fall off dramatically with Q



- High  $Q_{max}$
- High flux
- Low (and reproducible) background
  - Need to isolate the weak S(Q) signal from the sample
  - Compton scattering dominates at high Q



- High  $Q_{max}$
- High flux
- Low (and reproducible) background
- Moderate Q resolution



- Low-r region unaffected by Q resolution



#### **XPDF** | Beamline layout

#### - Built within I15, but operated independently





## **XPDF** | Beam characteristics

- Three fixed energies
  - Bent-Laue monochromator 🥼
    - Si (111), 40.0 keV, 0.310 Å
    - Si (220), 65.4 keV, 0.190 Å
    - Si (311), 76.7 keV, 0.162 Å
    - Horizontal focussing to 700 μm





## **XPDF** | Beam characteristics

#### Three fixed energies

- Bent-Laue monochromator
  - Si (111), 40.0 keV, 0.310 Å
  - Si (220), 65.4 keV, 0.190 Å
  - Si (311), 76.7 keV, 0.162 Å
- Multi-layer mirror
  - Three multi-layer stripes
  - Bimorph substrate







Rigaku

THALES SESO

#### **XPDF** | Beam characteristics

- Three fixed energies
- Focal spot size 700  $\mu$ m (h) × 20  $\mu$ m (v) calculated
  - Smaller beams achieved with collimation
- Variable bandwidth
  - High flux mode
    - BW 1% (76 keV) to 2% (40 keV)
  - High resolution mode
    - Decrease BW at expense of flux
- Flux expected to be 10<sup>12</sup> ph/s





#### **XPDF** | Transmission geometry

#### – RA-PDF<sup>+</sup> geometry data collection





<sup>†</sup>P. Chupas *et al., J. Appl. Cryst.,* **36**(6) (2003) 1342

- Detectors: Perkin Elmer a-Si TFT/CsI detector
  - Flexible detector positioning





- Detectors
  - Flexible detector positioning
  - "Symmetrical" PDF / Bragg





- Detectors
  - Flexible detector positioning
  - "Symmetrical" PDF / Bragg
  - $-2^{nd}$  detector due December
    - PDF + Bragg





#### Low background





- Sample environments
  - 250 mm × 450 mm XY travel
  - Flat plate samples
  - Capillary spinners
  - Hot air blower (1200 K)
  - Cryojet (85 500 K)







- Sample environments
  - 250 mm × 450 mm XY travel
  - Flat plate samples
  - Capillary spinners
  - Hot air blower (1200 K)
  - Cryojet (85 500 K)
  - Electrochemical cells







#### **XPDF** | Beamline status

- First light in XPDF endstation on 8<sup>th</sup> April 2016
- First users on 14<sup>th</sup> April 2016
  - PDF data processed using Diamond's DAWN software
- Commissioning call should by end of June





#### XPDF | First data

- Un-focussed data, 76 keV
  - $-C_{60}$
  - 15 mins, 4 mm cap., symmetric collection,  $Q_{\text{max}}$  22 Å<sup>-1</sup>





#### XPDF | First data

- Un-focussed data, 76 keV
  - $-K_2PdBr_6$
  - 30 mins, 1 mm cap., offset diamond,  $Q_{max}$  35 Å<sup>-1</sup>





#### XPDF | First data

- First horizontally focussed data, 65 keV
  - $-Zn(CN)_2$
  - 64 seconds, symmetric collection,  $Q_{\text{max}}$  25 Å<sup>-1</sup>





## **XPDF** | Next commissioning steps

#### - June-Aug. 2016

- Full characterisation of horizontal focussing

#### $-Q_{\rm max}$ optimisation

Detector	40.0 keV	65.3 keV	76.6 keV
$\overline{\mathbf{x}}$	17.4 Å <sup>-1</sup>	28.4 Å <sup>-1</sup>	33.4 Å <sup>−1</sup>
	[18.8 Å <sup>-1</sup> ]	[30.8 Å <sup>-1</sup> ]	[36.1 Å <sup>−1</sup> ]
	21.5 Å <sup>-1</sup>	35.1 Å <sup>−1</sup>	41.2 Å <sup>-1</sup>
	[23.5 Å <sup>-1</sup> ]	[38.4 Å <sup>−1</sup> ]	[45.1 Å <sup>-1</sup> ]

<sup>+</sup>Sample-to-detector: 200 mm Detector size : 409.6 mm × 409.6 mm



## **XPDF** | Next commissioning steps

- June-Aug. 2016
  - Full characterisation of horizontal focussing
  - $-Q_{\max}$  optimisation
  - Background optimisation
  - Integration of I<sub>0</sub>
- Sept.-Dec. 2016
  - Vertical focussing
  - Bandwidth selection
  - Integration of software





### **XPDF Software** | Overview



## **XPDF Software** | DAWN Processing

 PDF processing from 2D data has been included in the DAWN<sup>+</sup> Processing Pipeline



<sup>+</sup> Basham M., Filik J., Wharmby, M. T. *et. al. J. Synchrotron Rad.*, 2015, **22**, 853. <sup>‡</sup> A. K. Soper and E. R. Barney, *J. Appl. Cryst.*, 2012, **45**, 1314–1317.



#### XPDF Software | Live PDF data

 A 1D version of the pipeline will show PDF data in real-time (as its collecting)





Data shown at 40× the data collection speed.

#### XPDF Software | Robust PDF data

- Full 2D data processing is performed on the Diamond Cluster
  - Configurable container/sample environment corrections
  - Masking handled in 2D
  - Errors propagated from the 2D sample, empty and container data
- Beta version of XPDF Processing is already available in DAWN (<u>www.dawnsci.org</u>)





## **XPDF** | Commissioning call

- Call should be open by the end of June
  - Spun capillary samples from 85 K to 1200 K
  - Sample changer for static capillaries / flat plates
  - Likely to be two time slots
    - July-Aug. 2016: Horizontal focussing only
    - Jan.-Mar. 2017: Fully focussed beam
- Full XPDF Software suite will still be undergoing commissioning, so users with some PDF experience recommended



#### The New X-ray Pair Distribution Function Beamline at Diamond Light Source

# Thank you for your attention Questions?

XPDF commissioning call open SOON E-mail: xpdf@diamond.ac.uk : @xpdfdls